Pacific Commercial Advertiser

A MORNING PAPER.

WALTER G. SMITH

WHERE OFFICES CHASED THE MEN.

The men who decline Federal offices these days are coming to make quite a distinguished galaxy. When so many are anxious for public places it is not without interest to look at the other side of the shield. The list of public offices declined since Mr. Taft was elected President is already quite large.

There were two distinguished declinations of the Treasury portfolio, First Senator Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, then a Representative, now a Senator in Congress, concluded that he could not accept the proffer. It was made at a time when he was in the thick of a fight for an election to the Senate and subsequently the offer was withdrawn by Mr. Taft. Later the portfolio was tendered, at least informally, to George M. Reynolds, a big Chicago banker. He finally concluded he could not accept, and the directors of his bank gave him a fine increase in salary, so that he is now said to be earning \$50,000 a year from the bank alone. In contrast with Mr. Reynolds' case is that of Charles Dyer Norton, who is going to Washington as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. He is understood to be making \$50,000 a year in salary as an official of a life insurance company. The Chicago banks have been reaching out after Mr. Norton, because of his knowledge of banking, to which he has given much study. He has accepted an office in the Treasury Department, however, at \$4500 a year. It is understood that he will not relinquish his connection enturely with the insurance company.

Only a few days ago Solicitor-General Henry M. Hoyt of the Department of Justice was offered a position by President Taft, his classmate at Yale, as United States Circuit Judge for the district that includes Pennsylvania. Mr. Hoyt is about to retire from the position of Solicitor of the Department of of \$5000 from Hon. Charles M. Cooke Justice, which he has held for several years. It is the office that ranks next to the Attorney General in importance. But Mr. Hoyt insists that he wants to go back home and practice law. There are very few lawyers who would turn down an offer of a circuit judgeship, which ranks in importance next to a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

As a matter of fact, it is believed that a place on the Supreme Bench of the United States is ahead of Mr. Hoyt, who has made an enviable record for bimself. His father was Governor of Pennsylvania, and the son is favorably known to the legal profession from Maine (where he spends his summers) to California.

Some good diplomatic places, that many a Republican would grab at, have been turned down. One of the first diplomatic offers that President Taft made was to the retiring Assistant Secretary of State, Hon. John Callan O'Laughlin. He had been a great favorite with President Roosevelt, since the days when the latter was Assistant Secretary of the Navy and "Cal" was a reporter around the Navy Department. Mr. Taft offered Mr. O'Laughlin the position of Minister to the Argentine Republic, where the salary is \$12,000 a year, but the offer was declined, because Mr. O'Laughlin preferred more lucrative employment nearer home.

There are dozens of distinguished Republicans who would give their very eyes for appointment as ambassador to some foreign court. They subscribed liberally, in some instances, to the campaign fund. Many of these aspirants are very wealthy people, who desire the social honors that attach to the amtassadorial office. One very wealthy man, however, has refused an important diplomatic post. He is Assistant Secretary of the Navy Truman H. Newberry, President Taft wanted to make him Ambassador to St. Petersburg, one of the most desirable of our foreign missions. Mr. Newberry would have liked to continue as Secretary of the Navy, but he does not care to serve the government as an ambassador at a salary of \$17,500 per annum.

It is generally understood that an ambassador or minister must spend more present crop has been gratifying in all than he earns, but there are some exceptions to that general rule. There are respects, and on his return he will comtwo or three posts where one can save some money. The legation at Buenos mence adding to the acreage. Possibly Ayres is one of them; the embassy at Tokio is another. That may have some. fifty acres more will be planted in thing to do with the great desirability of the Tokio mission in recent years, A number of comparatively poor men have aspired to it. The Mexican embassy is said to be rather desirable for the same reason.

THE TAXING OF BACHELORS.

Representative Long's suggestion that the revenue of the Territory might be helped out by taxing the bachelors is an idea that is also being advocated in some of the Eastern States and also in England, where the Chancellor of the Exchequer is thinking of reviving in a modified shape the old bachelor tax. In Bulgaria a law taxing unmarried men is now in force.

Such a tax existed in England from May 1, 1695, to August 1, 1706, during which period every unmarried man had to pay an impost graduated according to his station in life. This ranged from \$63 in the case of dukes and archbishops down to 25 cents in the case of those scheduled as "other persons." "Gentlemen" had to pay \$1.50, esquires and doctors of divinity, law and physic, \$6.50, and sergeants at law \$19.

Benedicks were penalized, too, as well as bachelors. A duke or an archbishop was ordained to pay \$250 when he married, \$150 when his eldest sort was born, \$125 when every younger son was born, \$150 when his eldest son was married, \$250 when his wife was buried, and \$150 when his eldest son was buried. From these penalties there were gradually decreasing imposts down to the rang of a "gentleman," who had to pay \$5.50 when he married, the same amount when any son was born, and \$6 if he had the misfortune to bury either his wife or his son.

Ductors of divinity, law and physic were not encouraged to marry, as the marriage tax in their case was \$25.50, but, having married, they were let off as cheaply as "gentlemen," except as regards burials, when they had to pay \$26.

IS THERE A TYPEWRITING "GRAFT"?

The veiled insinuations of members of the House of Representatives on the floor of the House on Saturday during the debate concerning the salary and the work of the official stenographer and the more open remarks made in the lobbies after the debate have induced a suspicion in the public mind that all is not well. It is claimed that the Speaker applied the gag rule to shut off the debate when members of the House opposed to his rulings regarding the stenographer started to carry the war into the other camp and ask questions regarding various House employes. Since the debate on Saturday, there has been much discussion concerning the "typewriting and translation graft" and the excessive amounts said to be made by those sharing in the Legislature spoils. A story is in circulation concerning a two hundred and fifty dollar bill paid for a stenographic report of one committee meeting, and it is probable that before the session closes there will be some further questioning along the lines of Saturday's discussion.

One point stands clear in the whole matter, however, and that is that the "graft" referred to by Speaker Holstein is much less this session than in any of the previous ones. It is a fact that the Speaker has refused to sanction several of the claims made; Representative Castro, chairman of the Public Accounts Committee, has also stood between the treasury and those grabbing, and that Secretary Mott-Smith, the Federal disbursing agent, has likewise turned down a number of claims,

THE ABE CASE.

Great is the letter of the law and the prophet of technicalities. In what other department of life but that of the courts of justice would it be considered anything but the height of stupidness to go to the expense of bringing a man here from a foreign country and then calling everything off because someone made a clerical error? If a mistake was made in the Abe papers, why was not the mistake rectified? If the law is such that the mistake could not be fixed, why is the law itself not fixed? The Abe case is a glaring example of the lack of common sense that prevails in the conduct of the average court trial. No one has any doubt that the man who swindled Honolulu merchants out of a large sum of money was in the prisoner's dock to answer for his crime on this occasion, yet the fact that a mistake in some papers was made-something that had absolutely nothing to do with the guilt or innocence of the prisonerwas considered a logical reason for letting him go unpunished and beyond the reach of punishment.

Great is the letter of the law!

Last summer the people of Bermuda conducted a big advertising campaign concerning the delights of wintering in their land. As a result it is estimated that eight thousand five hundred tourists from the Eastern States visited Bermuda last winter, four times as many as came the winter before. Yet there are some people who think the kind of advertising done by the Hawaii Promotion Committee is thrown away and that it shows some sort of business sense to curtail the amount allowed the committee upon which to work.

GENERAL BOOTH.

Saturday marked the eightieth anniversary of the birth of General Booth, he founder of the Salvation Army, a man who ranks worthily as one of the great men of the world, and the event is celebrated around the globe, wherever there are Christian people. His has been a life lived for the benefit of others; his has been a work for mankind, without limitations of color, class or creed, and the Christianity preached by the thousands of his followers has been that of practical men dealing with mankind in the rough, the bringing of the truths of Christianity down to the understanding of the man in the gutter, the waif on the street, the woman without hope. The leaders of the world today pay honor to this man and honor themselves in doing so.

The California Promotion Committee announces that plans are crystallizing whereby large colonies of farmers may be brought to California by new methods and placed on lands, thus securing several hundred families of thrifty people in the agricultural districts. This is respectfully referred to the Hawaiian Board of Immigration.

Ex-President Castro, who has been flying around from perch to perch at the request of the various nations, announces that he wants to go now to the Canary Islands. . He ought to. That sounds like the proper place for a bird like him, although it is unlikely that he can feather a nest there as well as be did in Venezuela.

M. COOKE STARTS CHURCH BUILDING FUND

The official board of the Methodist church met in special session vesterday in order to acknowledge the gift towards the erection of a new church building, which will be undertaken just as soon as the funds are available. The present building has grown too old and very inadequate to the needs of the congregation. It is deeided to rebuild in a different location, possibly somewhere in the vieinty of Thomas Square, at a cost of \$35,000. Revs. John T. Jones, the pastor, and Superintendent John W. Wadman were appointed a committee to solicit funds for the same just as soon as possible.

FIFTY BALES OF TOBACCO NOW READY FOR MARKET

Fifty bales of tobacco, averaging 150 pounds to the bale, has been produced and prepared for shipment by Jared G. Smith on his Kona tobacco plantation. Some of the product has already been marketed and the remainder will no doubt find a ready market, as the samples sent out last February were pronounced of the very best quality.

Mr. Smith is in Honolulu at present and will return to Kona shortly. The tobacco, and the plantation will be gradually enlarged, as the market is eertain and the product will bring good

Fine Meals Popular Prices



SMOKE

10c. Mild Havana Cigar

LADIES'

Just in per S. S. Siberia

This new lot includes three of the very latest Spring Styles, one short and two long effects.

The short sweater is in white and red only, coat effect, very pretty stitch-

PRICE, \$4.50 EACH.

The long sweaters come nearly to the knees, about the same length as the % coats. Colors, white, red, white with red and white with black, Both square and round corners.

PRICES, \$7 AND \$8 EACH.

Something New

See Window Display

Limited

EXCLUSIVE AGENTS



will buy you a copper plate, together with 100 stylish visiting cards, with your own name cut to order in any style of script

lettering, at

Leading Jewelers



to the price an article should cost the consumer-as there is to the

price of glasses. Naturally, the cost of those which are the result of painstaking and accurate eye-examination, followed by careful manufacture and adjustment to ne's eyes, cost more than the "ready-

to-wear'' variety. Still, everyone does not require specially-ground lenses, and our examination will determine this for you. When special lenses are required, they cost according to the complicated character

of the formula-and only that. Glasses may cost you two dollars and a half, or they may cost morethe nature of your eye defect determines the cost. Specialists only attend to this at the

Optical Department of H. F. WICHMAN & CO., LTD.



Motor Boats

CHARLES D. WALKER'S

Boat and Machine Works, KING ST., NEAR SOUTH ST.

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It costs money to fail to buy to the best advantage

It is costing you money if you fail to buy TUNGSTEN LAMPS of

The Hawaiian Electric Co., Ltd.

VIGOROUS OLD AGE

Even ruddy-cheeked youth is not more beautiful than the mature vigor of healthy old age. This, however, is not seen so often as it should be, partly because many persons mistakenly suppose that weakness and ill-health are inseparable from ripe maturity of years.

Yet in the majority of cases enfeebled old persons require nothing but the simple, natural treatment afforded by

Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract

which acts by increasing the appetite, aiding digestion and putting more iron into the blood. It has neither the taste nor smell of eod liver oil, but is as pleasant to the taste as a superior table wine. It is as valuable to old persons as to young ones and many of its most remarkable effects have been achieved with the aged. Get it at your chemist's and be sure you get STEARNS'the genuine.

SAN PRANCISCO HOTEL

FAIRMONT HOTEL

SAN FRANCISCO

The most superbly situated hotel in the World OVERLOOKING THE ENTIRE BAY OF SAN FRANCISCO, THE GOLDEN GATE, AND THE RAPIDLY REBUILDING CITY. CONVENIENT TO SHOPPING, THEATER, BUSINESS. AND RAILBOAD CENTERS.

THE EPITOME OF HOTEL EXCELLENCE

Combining all the conveniences and luxuries a good hotel should have, with many unique, original and exclusive features. Entirely refurnished and refitted at a cost of over three million dollars. Social center of the city-headquarters of the Army and Navy-Scene of most of the social festivities. ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 1000 GUESTS.

EUROPEAN PLAN. Single rooms with bath, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00 upwards. Suites, with bath, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00 upwards.

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UNIMPROVED PROPERTY . IN ANY PART OF TOWN An inspection of our listed

properties will be of mutual

Call on our Real Estate Department



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A LOT IN

(Adjoining College Hills) No advance in price. No clearing

Prices Range From

to be done-all ready for building.

Per Lot, According to Area and

Bishop Trust Co., Ltd.,

NO. 924 BETHEL STREET

FOR SALE.

Two Latrines; seat in good order; Lot with two cottages, corner Miller and suitable for school or plantation use. Beretania streets.

One two part slate Urinal Stall. Fine lot in Palolo Tract. French Ranges, brick set, 4 to 10 feet | House and Lot, Kewalo. ong. Solar Water Heaters, 30 to 100 Lots in Puunui Tract. gallons capacity. Sheet Metal Work Houses and Lots in Palams.

EMMELUTH & CO., LTD., 145 King St.



Capital (Paid up) Yen 24,000,000 Keserve Fund Yen 15,940,000 HEAD OFFICE, YOKOHAMA.

The bank buys and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues Drafts and Letters of Credit, and transacts a general banking business. The Bank receives Local Deposits and Head Office Deposits for fixed pe-

Local Deposits \$25 and upwards for one year at rate of 4% per annum. Head Office Deposits Yen 25 and upwards for one half year, one year, two years or three years at rate of 51/2% per annum.

Particulars to be obtained on appli-Honolulu Office-67 S. King Street. P. O. Box 168. M. TOKIEDA, Manager.

Bank of Hawaii,

LIMITED

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$1,000,000

William O. Smith Trust Department

COLLECTED, LOANS AND IN-VESTMENTS MADE.

Fire Insurance

AGENT FOR ENGLISH-HAWAIIAN UNDERWRITERS

Real Estate

FOR RENT. After May 18, furnished house, corner Piikoi and Hassinger streets.

FOR SALE

Lots in Nuuanu Valley and Kaimuki.

House and Lot, King street, near Thomas Square, Bargain.